(ग) हरियाणा तथा दिल्ली में ऐसा कोई एकीकृत इस्पात संयंत्र नहीं है । बिहार में दो एकीकृत इस्पात संयंत्र, "सेल" का बोकारो इस्पात संयंत्र तथा टाटा आयरन एण्ड स्टील कम्पनी लि० (टिस्को) हैं । बोकारो इस्पात संयंत्र का गर्म बेल्लित क्वायलों/चादरों, ठण्डी बेल्लित क्वायलों/चादरों और जस्तीदार क्वायलों/चादरों का निर्यात करने का प्रस्ताव है तथा "टिस्को", तार छड़ों, संबलन छड़ों सादा छड़ों तथा संरचना उपादानों का निर्यात करता है। विद्यमान निर्यात आयात नीति के अनुसार, गौण क्षेत्र की इकाइयां, विकास आयुक्त, लोहा और इस्पात कलकत्ता से अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र लेकर उत्पादन का 10% निर्यात कर सकती हैं ।

(घ) आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के लिए लोहे और इस्पात के कार्य दल ने वर्ष 1992-93 के लिए निर्यात लक्ष्य लगभग 8.70 लाख टन रखा है । वर्ष 1992-93 में "सेल" का 3 लाख टन मृदु इस्पात की मदों के निर्यात का प्रस्ताव है जिसमें बोकारो इस्पात संयंत्र द्वारा 60,000 टन निर्यात किया जाएगा ।

Modernisation of Bokaro Steel Plant

1515. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the modernisation plan of the Bokaro Steel Plant has run into trouble as the Russian consultant are not in a position to execute the plan;

(b if so the details thereof;

(c) whether Government are contemplating any further action in case the Russian consultants do not execute the plan ; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) Government have not received any communication from the Russian Consultant on their not being in a position to execute the Bokaro Steel Plant Modernisation Plan.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) and (d) SAIL are currently re examining the modernisation proposa with particular reference to sourcing of supplies, funding of the foreign exchange requirement through State credits and operational jur isdiction of the Russian Consultants.

Liberalisation Measures for Steel Sector

1516. SHRJ P. UPENDRA: Will the Minister of STELL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering measures aimed at liberalistion of the steel sector, so as to attract foreign capital for private sector projects;

(b) what is the impact of the Government's decision to decontrol the prices and distribution of steel; and

(c) whether there are any propsals pending with the Government for setting up steel plants in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONOTSH MOHAN DEV): (a) The new Industrial Policy announced in July, 1991 has removed 'iron and steel' from the list of industries reserved for the public sector. It has also been exempted from the requirements of compulsory licensing under the Industries (D&R) Act, 1951. Ferro alloys, pig iron and sponge iron and pelletisation have also been included in the list of high priority industries where automatic approval will be given for investment upto 51% foreign equity if the foreign equity covers the foreign exchange requirement for import of capital goods.

(b) After the decontrol of prices and distribution of steel, the main steel producers have not increased their prices. Open market prices have also not shown any sharp fluctuation.

(c) Government approval for setting up a steel plant is required only if the plant is proposed to be located within 25 Km. from the peripery of the standard urban area limits of a city having a population of more than 10 lakhs according to the 1991 census. No such application is pending for Government approval.